

Budget 2025: Transforming Malaysia's Economy for a Prosperous Future

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On October 18, 2024, the Malaysian government announced an ambitious RM421 billion allocation for Budget 2025, reflecting a substantial increase from RM393.80 billion in 2024. This budget focuses squarely on revitalizing the economy, enforcing fiscal discipline, and promoting inclusive growth that uplifts social welfare while pushing forward technological advancement. This commitment by the Madani government shows a proactive approach to addressing both the immediate economic concerns of Malaysians and laying the groundwork for long-term national growth.

At the heart of Budget 2025 are the Fiscal Responsibility Act (FRA) and new debt management strategies aimed at tackling Malaysia's fiscal challenges. Designed to instill greater discipline and transparency in government spending, the FRA ensures that public funds are used responsibly and efficiently, reducing the national deficit while supporting sustainable growth. The government aims to bring the fiscal deficit down to 3.8% of GDP by 2025 by rationalizing spending and managing finances prudently. New measures, such as expanding the Sales and Services Tax (SST) and introducing taxes targeting wealthier individuals and high-income sectors, broadening the tax base and increasing revenue in line with these fiscal goals.

Budget 2025 also embraces a "Robin Hood" approach, taxing higher-income groups and luxury sectors to fund initiatives that support lower-income communities. Notably, a 2% tax on dividend income exceeding RM100,000 will now target individual shareholders, while an expanded SST on more goods and services seeks to draw revenue from the higher consumption patterns of affluent groups. This reallocation of funds is intended to enhance essential services such as healthcare, education,

and poverty alleviation programs, with a focus on improving quality of life for the poor and marginalized. A higher minimum wage and increased direct cash assistance reflect a commitment to easing living-cost pressures among low-income families—a move that aligns with the principle of "taxing the rich to help the poor." This increase in revenue directly supports the FRA's goal of balancing expenditure with income, which helps curb reliance on additional debt.



Sarawak's Share of the Budget

Sarawak benefits significantly from this budget, with RM5.9 billion allocated to advance critical infrastructure and healthcare developments. Additionally, a special RM600 million allocation for the Borneo bloc, including Sarawak and Sabah, represents a notable increase from previous federal grants. This funding underscores the federal government's recognition of the unique challenges faced by East Malaysia, where vast geographical distances, widely dispersed rural communities, and longstanding infrastructure gaps are common.

A key highlight for Sarawak is the RM1 billion earmarked for establishing the Sarawak Cancer Centre, a landmark investment that will elevate healthcare capabilities across the state. With this facility, Sarawak will be able to provide more comprehensive care, significantly improving access to cancer treatment for residents and reducing the need for long-distance travel for care. This is part of a broader effort to address the healthcare and infrastructural disparities that have existed between East Malaysia and Peninsular Malaysia.

Budget 2025 and the Push for a Green Economy

Building on the initiatives set in recent years, Budget 2025 continues Malaysia's drive toward a green economy. Supporting sustainable agriculture and food security, the budget promotes innovative farming methods that make Malaysia's food systems more resilient and eco-friendly. Substantial investments are also directed toward high-value sectors such as digital technology, green energy, and advanced manufacturing areas that will help Malaysia diversify its economy away from traditional sectors, boosting its competitive edge in modern industries. These strategic investments position Malaysia as a future technology and digital hub in Southeast Asia, a move intended to attract global investors and ensure sustainable, tech-driven economic growth.

A Commitment to Shared Growth and Sustainable Development

This year's budget is more than just numbers; it's a step forward in aligning Malaysia's economic goals with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The government's support for Sarawak's Post-COVID-19 Development Strategy (PCDS) 2030 also highlights the importance of collaboration between Sarawak and the federal government. Sarawak's contributions to the national economy enhance Malaysia's overall stability and growth, while federal support ensures critical investment in infrastructure and services across Sarawak. This partnership embodies Malaysia's commitment to sustainable development and economic resilience, aiming for a future where both Sarawak and the nation flourish.

As 2025 concludes the 12th Malaysia Plan, this budget not only sets the stage for achieving growth targets between 4.5% and 5.5% but also lays a robust foundation for the upcoming 13th Malaysia Plan. Through such policies, Malaysia is advancing toward economic resilience, stability, and shared prosperity for all.